Action Competence in Sustainable Development (ACiSD) Developing a measurement instrument in co-creation with children



Wanda Sass - Jelle Boeve-de Pauw - Sven De Maeyer 27 September 2019









Defining Action Competence in Sustainable Development (ACiSD)

Developing a measurement instrument in co-creation with children: 3 steps

Action Competence (AC)

Mogensen & Schnack (2010) on AC

An educational approach 'in a broad sense' (p. 60)

educational approach e.g. Ellis & Weekes (2008)



Action Competence (AC)

Mogensen & Schnack (2010) on AC



the competence is always linked to the individual (p.64)

etence of groups or individuals
.g. Clark (2016)

Action Competence (AC)

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An educational approach 'in a broad sense' (p. 60) the competence is always linked to the individual (p.64)

educational approach competence of groups or individuals e.g. Ellis & Weekes (2008) e.g. Clark (2016)

Education for Sustainable Development (ESD)

= pluralistic + action-oriented (Öhman, 2008; Mogensen & Schnack, 2010)

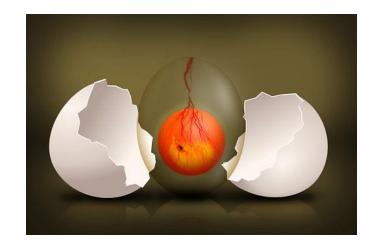
Competence



Performance of specific tasks

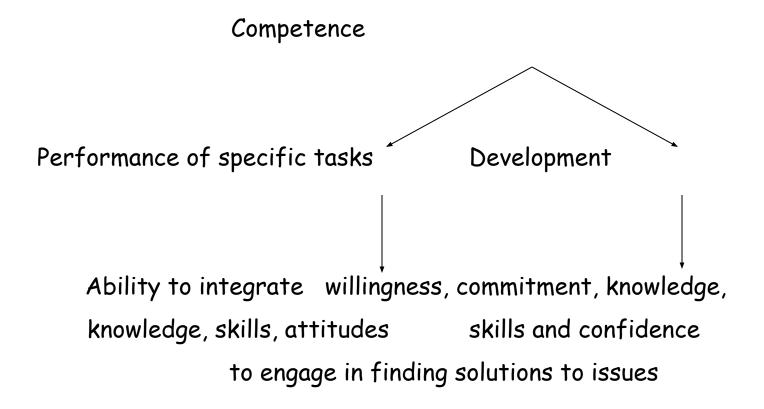






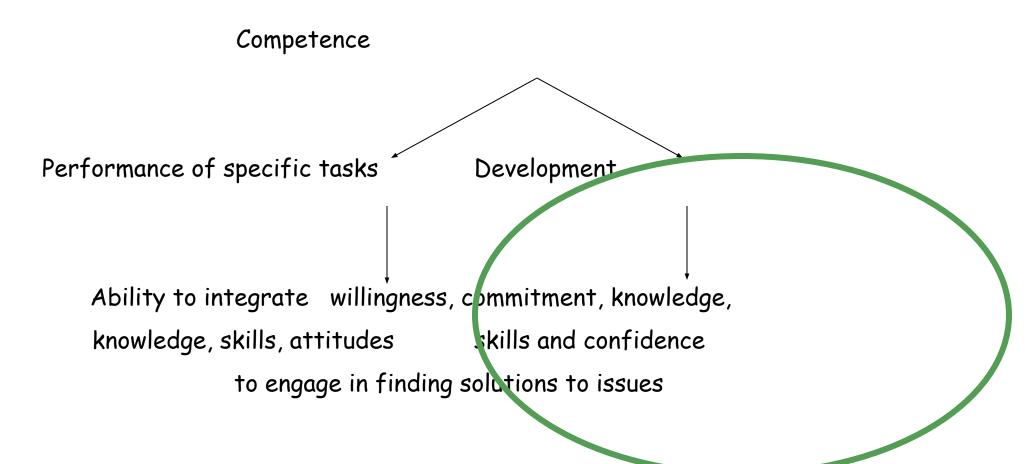
Breiting et al. (2009), Jensen and Schnack (2006), Mogensen (1997), Mogensen and Schnack (2010)

Competence



Breiting et al. (2009), Jensen and Schnack (2006), Mogensen (1997), Mogensen and Schnack (2010)

Competence



Breiting et al. (2009), Jensen and Schnack (2006), Mogensen (1997), Mogensen and Schnack (2010)

Action

```
    Purposive behaviour [] forethought and intentionality (cf. Bandura, 2001; 2005)
    Voluntary (e.g. Jensen, 2000; Mogensen & Schnack, 2010)
    Directed at solving an issue (e.g. Breiting et al., 2009; Hungerford & Volk, 1990; Jensen, 2000)
    controversy on solution (cf. pluralism; Rudsberg & Öhman, 2010)
```

Action for Sustainable Development

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& Öhman, 2010)







































Action for Sustainable Development

```
Purposive behaviour [] forethought and intentionality
                                                                   (cf. Bandura, 2001; 2005)
Voluntary
                                               (e.g. Jensen, 2000; Mogensen & Schnack, 2010)
Directed at solving a SD issue
                                                         (e.g. Breiting et al., 2009; Hungerford &
                 Volk, 1990; Jensen, 2000)
            controversy on solution
                                                    (cf. pluralism; Rudsberg & Öhman, 2010)
Direct and indirect action
                                                    (Jensen & Schnack, 2006;
                                     cf. Bandura's proxy agency, 2001)
Individual and collective action
                                                         (Clark, 2016;
                                     cf. Levy & Zint's collective civic action, 2013)
Private and public sphere
                                                    (e.g. ENEC, 2018; Liobikiene and Simas Poskus,
       2019; Melo-Escrihuela, 2008; Soler-i-Martí, 2015)
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Competence in AC

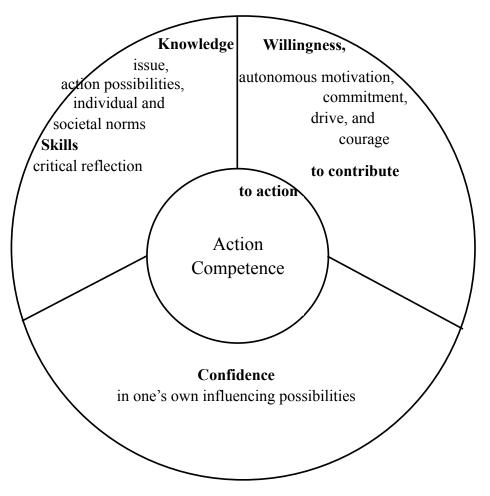


Figure 1 Core features of action competence based on Breiting et al. (2009), Jensen (2000), and Jensen & Schnack (2006)

Competence in AC

Almers (2013) Mogensen & Schnack (2010)

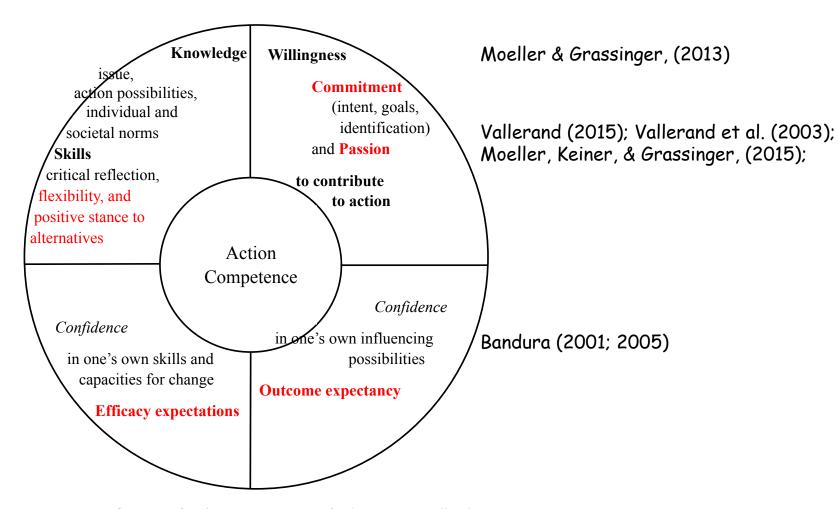


Figure 2 Core features of action competence as further conceptualized

Developing an ACiSD measurement instrument in co-creation with children in co-creation with children Development of ACiSD: mixed-method approach

- Our focus:
 - early adolescents (10 to 13)

(Smetana, Campione-Barr, & Metzger, 2006)

own perspectives on viable actions for SD

(qualitative)

• Measuring SD in all its complexity: interconnected Planet, People, Prosperity, Peace, Partnership





Developing an ACiSD measurement instrument in co-creation with children in co-creation with children Development of ACiSD: step 1 3-step Development of ACiSD bevelopment of ACiSD: step 1

- Qualitative pre-study: central research question, follow up questions, and participants How do early adolescents suggest they can contribute to SD?
 - What (in)direct actions do 10 to 13-year-olds propose?
 - What individual and collective actions do early adolescents propose?
 - In what sphere, private or public, are these actions set?

Developing an ACiSD measurement instrument in co-creation with children in co-creation with children Development of ACiSD: step 1 3-step Development of ACiSD bevelopment of ACiSD: step 1

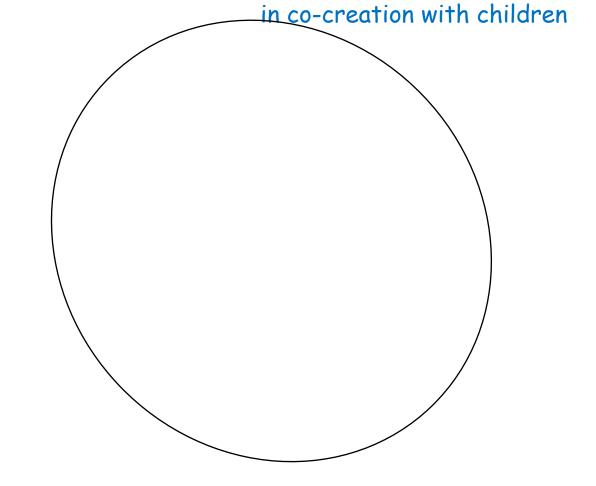
- Qualitative pre-study: central research question, follow up questions, and participants
 How do early adolescents suggest they can contribute to 5D?
 - What (in)direct actions do 10 to 13-year-olds propose?
 - What individual and collective actions do early adolescents propose?
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Participants respected as co-researchers

- 76 participants in grades 5 to 7, i.e. 10- to 13-year-olds
- 4 class groups: 2 grades 5, 1 grade 6, 1 grade 7
- 3 schools: 2 primary schools (traditional, Freinet), one secondary (performing arts) school
- Flanders (Dutch-speaking part of Belgium)

Results

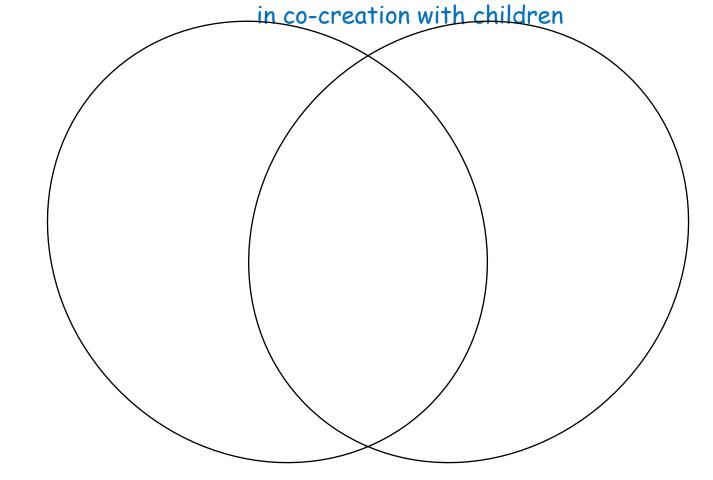
Collective actions



3-step Development of ACiSD

Results

Collective actions



Indirect actions

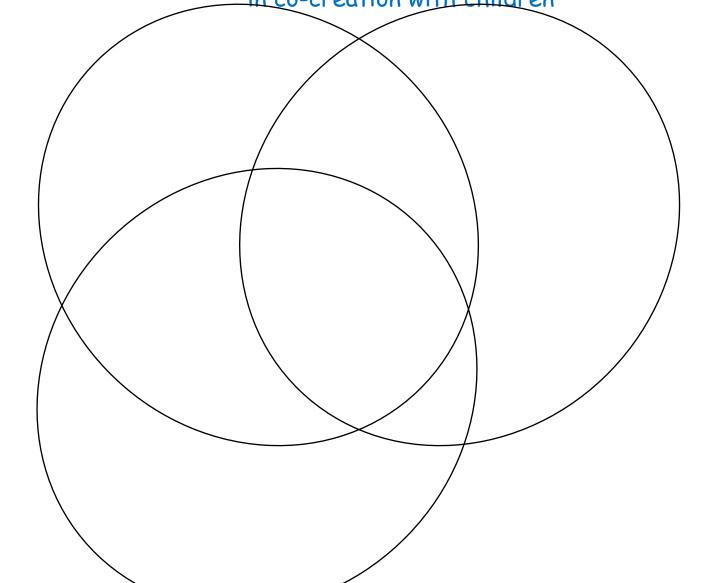
Developing an ACiSD measurement instrument in co-creation with children

in co-creation with children

Results

3-step Development of ACiSD

Collective actions

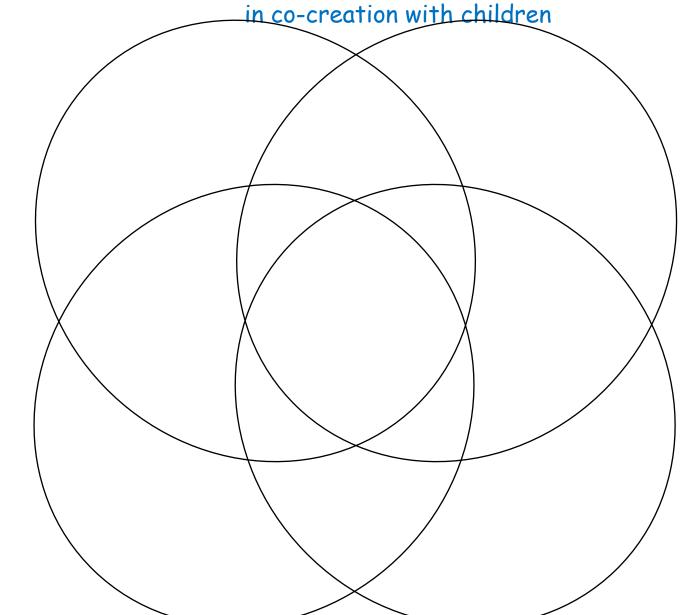


Indirect actions

Direct actions

Results

Collective actions

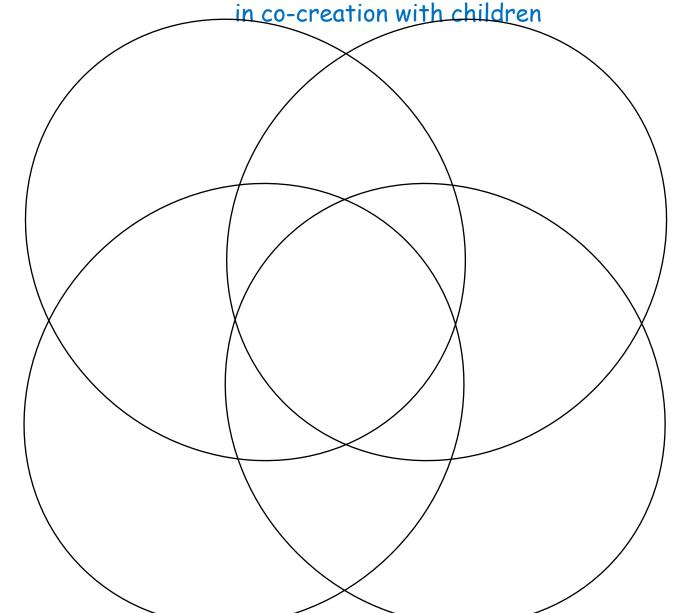


Indirect actions

Individual actions Direct actions

Results

Collective actions



Indirect actions

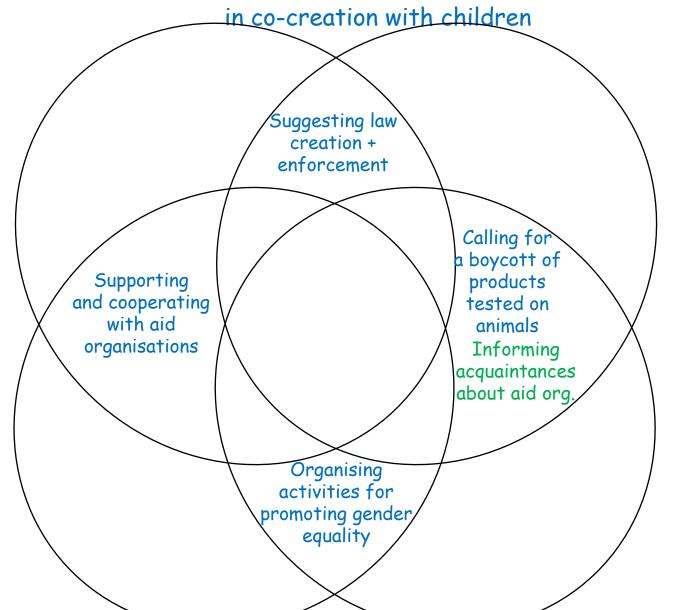
Private sphere Public sphere

Direct actions

Individual actions

Results

Collective actions



Indirect actions

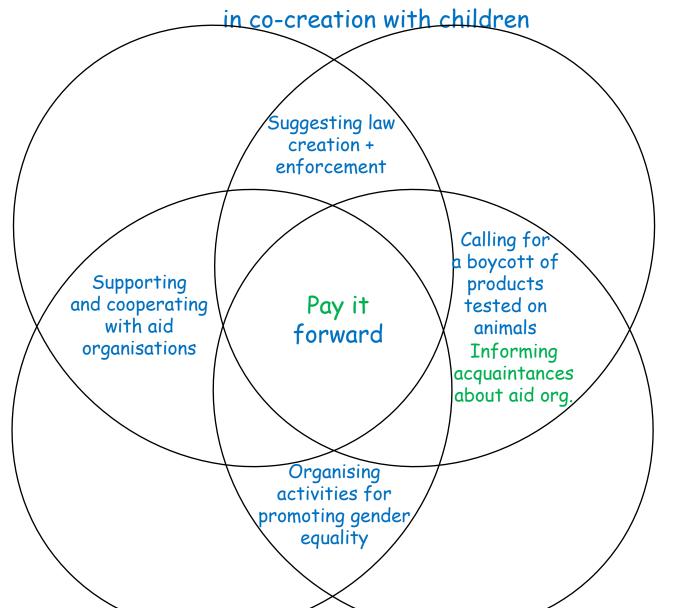
Private sphere Public sphere

Direct actions

Individual actions

Results

Collective actions



Indirect actions

Private sphere Public sphere

Direct actions

Individual actions

Developing an ACiSD measurement instrument in co-creation with children in co-creation with children Results | Co-creation with children | Co

Public sphere

Action	Direct	Indirect	Individual	Collective
Starting an aid organisation	X			X
Suggesting law creation + enforcement		X		X
Boycotting products tested on animals	X		X	
Informing acquaintances about aid organisations		X	X	

Developing an ACiSD measurement instrument in co-creation with children 3-step Development of ACiSD in co-creation with children Results

Public sphere

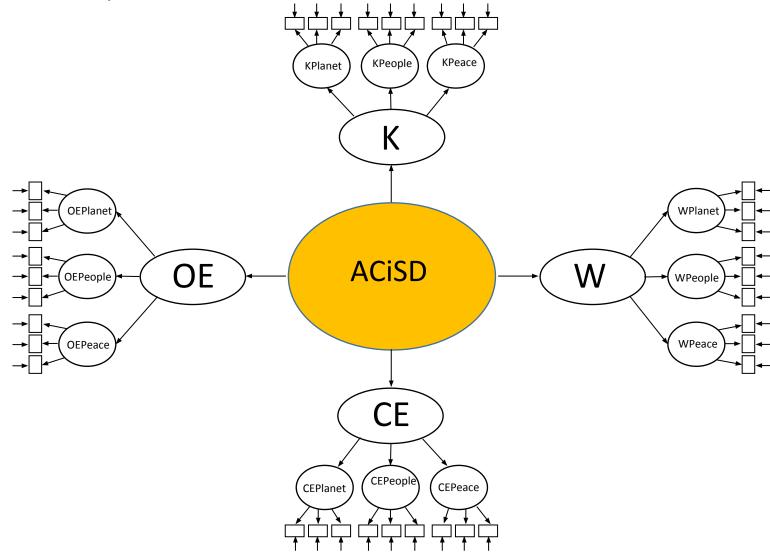
Action	Direct	Indirect	Individual	Collective
Calling for action on social media	X	X	X	X
Collecting litter from streets	X		X	X
Pay it forward	X	X	X	X

Developing an ACiSD measurement instrument in co-creation with children in co-creation with children Development of ACiSD: step 2 3-step Development of ACiSD bevelopment of ACiSD: step 2

- 11 items covering SD categories Planet, People, and Peace
- 4 questions tapping into AC categories (Ac)Knowledge(ment), Willingness, Capacity expectation,
 and Outcome expectancy
- feedback round on age-appropriateness of phrasing + (SD) content by
 - Teachers
 - ESD specialists
 - Researchers/SD experts
- Pre-test:
 - 2 10-year-old children
 - Think aloud
- \square Adaptation of the ACiSD (phrasing + layout) \square pilot study (n = 403; grades 5 to 8)

Developing an ACiSD measurement instrument in co-creation with children 3-step Development of ACiSD in co-creation with children Development of ACiSD: step 3

- Adaptations based on results of robust CFA \square new version administered (n = 730; grades 5 to 8)
- SD expert's perspective on the 11 items + results of Robust CFA yielded a model

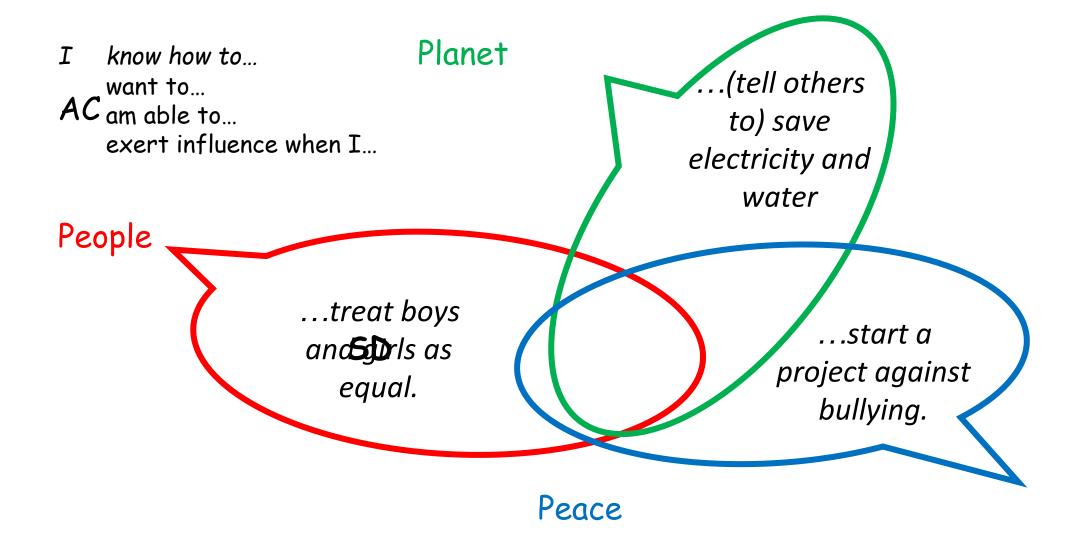


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I know how to...

want to...

AC am able to...

exert influence when I...
```



ACiSD Model to be further explored ACiSD

Planet know how to... (tell others want to... AC am able to... to) save exert influence when I... electricity and water People ...treat boys ...start a and girls as project against equal. bullying. Peace

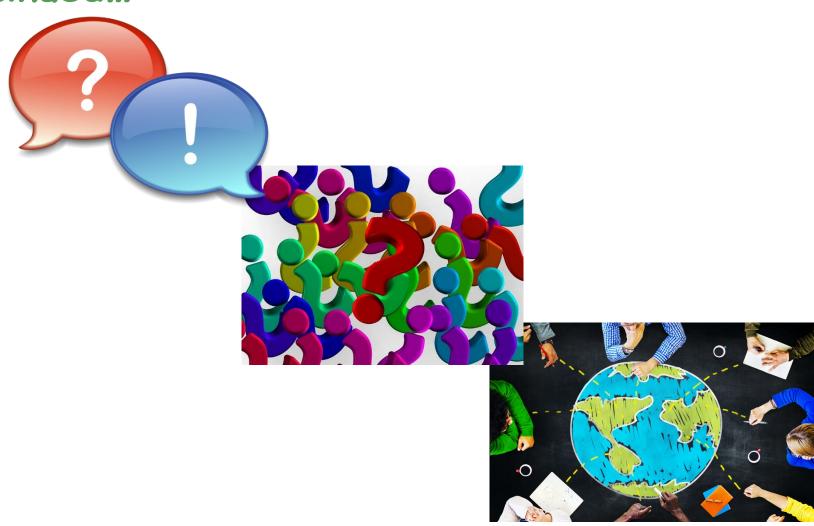
Qυ	estions (AC)			Items (SD)		
A.	People contribute to a good life for everyone without damaging the planet if they	A.	Knowledge of action possibilities	1 use only products from brands that don't experiment on animals.	1.	Planet
B.	I want to	В.	Willingness	2 treat boys and girls as equal.	2.	People
C.	I can	C.	Capacity expectations	3 use social media (such as YouTube) to convey a	3.	Peace
	I contribute to a good life for everyone wihtout damaging the planet if I	D.	Outcome expectations	message for peace.		



Defining Action Competence in Sustainable Development (ACiSD)

Developing a measurement instrument in co-creation with children: 3 steps

To be continued...





Developing an ACiSD measurement instrument in co-creation with children References

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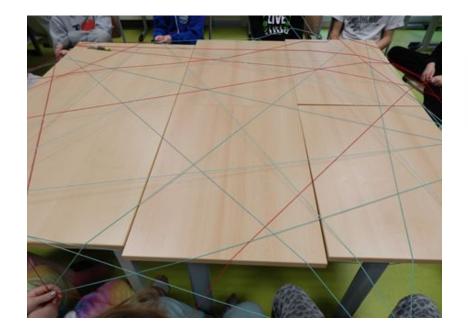
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Methods + implications

Intervention: 3 sessions (ca. 2 lesson periods of 50 minutes each)

Session 1
 creating atmosphere of trust; introduction of research in social sciences,
 concepts of pluralism and SD/17 SDGs, and central research question no records









































Methods + implications

Intervention: 3 sessions (ca. 2 lesson periods of 50 minutes each)

- Session 1
 creating atmosphere of trust; introduction of research in social sciences,
 concepts of pluralism and SD/17 SDGs, and central research question no records
- Session 2
 participants determined focus point + action first individually,
 then either individually or in groups up to 4;
 elaboration of the actions (free choice of means of expression)
 field notes

Methods + implications

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- Session 1
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- Session 2
 participants determined focus point + action first individually,
 then either individually or in groups up to 4;
 elaboration of the actions (free choice of means of expression)
 field notes
- Session 3 audio and presentation of actions for SD video recorded only if parents and participants consented

(verbatim transcriptions)

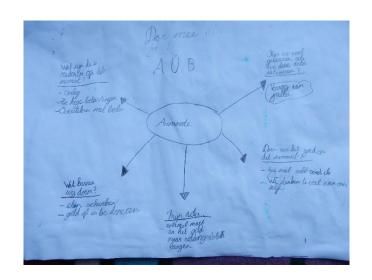
Methods + implications

Multiple methods of data collection:

- observations during sessions
- Video and audio recordings
- Short interviews, drama
- Drawings, mind maps, and art work

- field notes
- verbatim transcriptions of oral presentations
- verbatim transcriptions
 - described in transcriptions of presentations







Methods + implications

Analyses:

- Informed by conceptualizations of
 - SD: 17 SDGs + Planet, People, Prosperity, Peace, Partnership (UN, 2015);
 - Action: free choice of who acts + targeted at solving a controversial issue (change)
- 2 researchers coded first together, then individually, and fine tuned interpretations until acceptable consensus was obtained
- 1 researcher continued analyses (horizontally: per code; vertically: per action suggested)

Central Research Question and follow up questions

How do early adolescents suggest they can contribute to SD?

- What (in)direct actions do 10 to 13-year-olds propose?
- What individual and collective actions do early adolescents propose?
- In what sphere, private or public, are these actions set?

Questions that emerged during data gathering and analyses

- What means do early adolescents propose to use in order to achieve SD goals?
- What is the scope of actions for SD that early adolescents propose?
- Where do early adolescents get inspiration for the SD actions they suggest?

Results

- · What means do early adolescents propose to use in order to achieve SD goals?
 - Communication: on- and offline, written and spoken, textual and visual (e.g. charts, mind maps)
 Commercial activities: fund raising through selling or asking for money,
 - donating funds, goods, and offering services
 - Physical activities: collecting litter, taking homeless to shelter, organizing jumble sales,...
- What is the scope of actions for SD that early adolescents propose?
 ranging from small acts to elaborate, well-thought through projects
 both local and global
- Where do early adolescents get inspiration for the SD actions they suggest?
 feature films, documentaries, role models on YouTube
 experiences: own, family, and friends
 school

Results pilot version ACiSD

Fit indices robust CFA

- CFI = 0.829
- TLI = 0.819
- RMSEA = 0.05